

Photonic Crystal Optical Structure Design for Current Applications

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Introduction

- In this project, the structure of photonic crystals is examined, and new structures are created.
- These photonic crystal structures must be designed with innovative and suitable properties for current applications.
- Multiple methods have been used together in applications using ••• photonic crystals. Bragg reflection and sub-wavelength methods are widely used.

Specifications and Design Requirements

Application Areas

There are many photonic crystal applications. Some of them are lasers, optical insulators, excellent dielectric mirrors building photonic diodes and transistors, metamaterials (negative refractive) index materials), superlenses.

Photonic crystal structures can be designed in 1D-2D or 3D forms.



- In the design of such crystal structure some special series are used. The well-known one of them is Fibonacci series. In this study, S6 cell of Fibonacci series is used in the form 'S6*S6'



- In this study, H and L indicate two different materials having high and low refractive indices where H is chosen as Tellurium and L is Silicon di Oxide.
- In the analysis, Transfer Matrix Method is used which is suitable for multilayer structures.
- In the analysis, three different layer thicknesses are selected as $d_1 = 175 nm$, $d_2 = 210 nm$, $d_3 = 245 nm$
- And results are discussed in the following parts.

Solution Methodology



Results and Discussion

The increase in thicknesses of the layers and incidence angle shift reflection characteristic with increase in noise.



While preparing this project, certain steps are followed. Briefly, these are:

Comprehensive literature research

Derivation of Transfer Matrix Method formulations

Determining an proper software to simulate

Comparison of the obtained results with previous experimental studies

Reflection vs wavelength characteristic of the designed component are obtained for different layer thicknesses

Reflection characteristic changes with incidence angle.



In the future, by using this design procedure and different series instead of Fibonacci series, new optical components for different optical applications can be designed.

References

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