

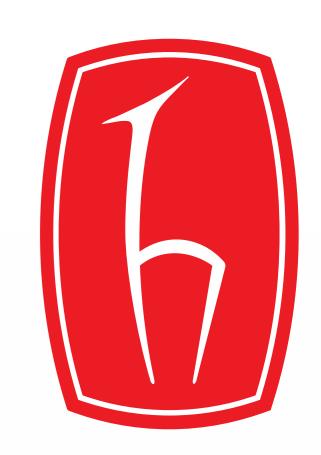
# **Acoustic Detection of Drones**

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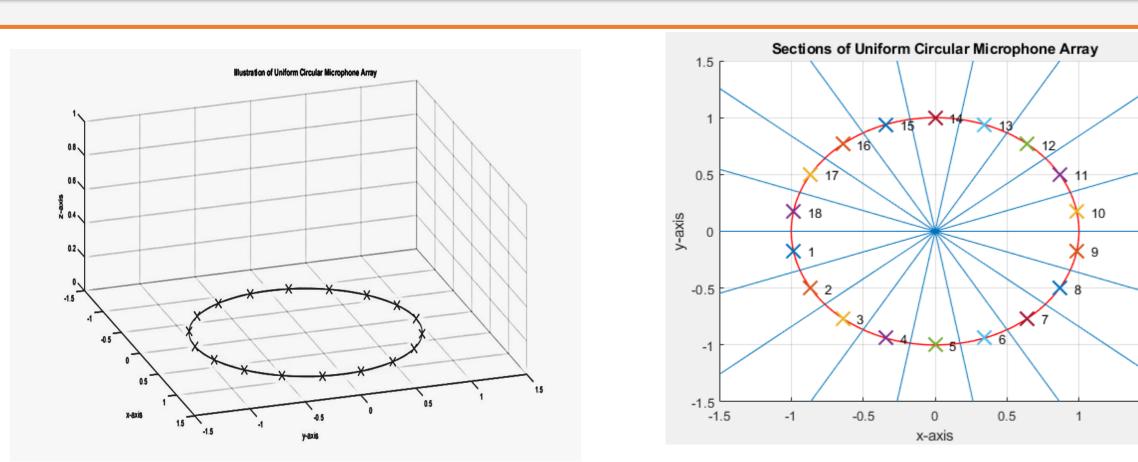


## Introduction

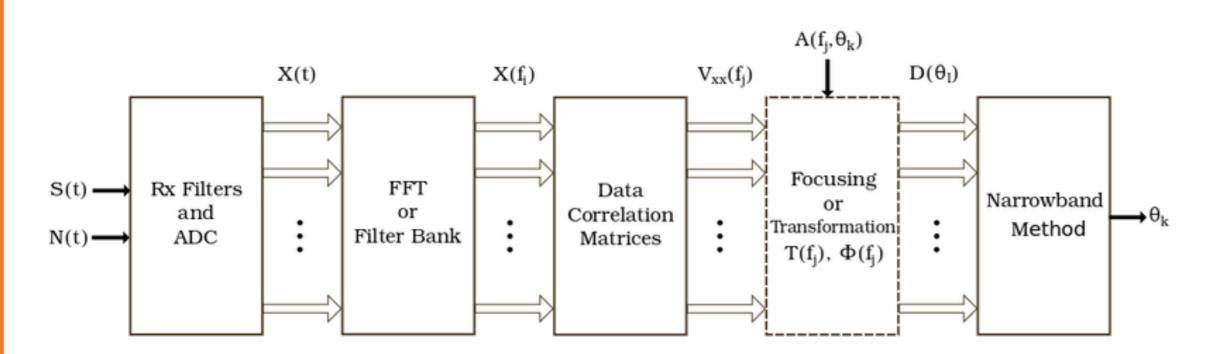
- Popularity of drones or unmanned aerial vehicles are increased. These vehicles are used in military and civilian. Accessibility of drones create privacy and security problem.
- To deal with these problems, drones can be detected using microphone array and signal processing techniques.



# Solution Methodology



- Ambient sounds are collected through the microphone array.
- ❖ Uniform circular omnidirectional microphone array with 18 elements is defined. Radius is 1 meter. It is located on x-y plane.



- Sound sources is not stationary signals, it has properties that change with time. Thus, a single representation based on all the samples of a sound sources, for the most part has no meaning.
- Instead, we define a time-dependent Fourier Transform (STFT) of that changes periodically as the speech properties change over time.

$$STFT \rightarrow X[n,k] = \sum_{m=0}^{L-1} x[n+m]w[m]e^{-jk\frac{2\pi}{N}m}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 4\\ 3.5\\ 3\\ 1.5\\ 0\\ 0.5\\ 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} -125\\ -130\\ -145\\ 0\\ -155\\ -155\\ \end{array}$$

# ❖ After taking the STFT of the signals that coming from the microphone components, then after a compression process, narrowband MUltiple SIgnal Classification (MUSIC) model is applied.

$$\mathbf{F}_{1}(\theta) = \frac{\mathbf{a}^{H}(f_{j}, \theta)\mathbf{a}(f_{j}, \theta)}{\frac{1}{L}\sum_{j=1}^{L} \frac{1}{M-D}\sum_{m=D+1}^{M} \mathbf{a}^{H}(f_{j}, \theta)\mathbf{E}_{n}(f_{j})\mathbf{E}_{n}^{H}(f_{j})\mathbf{a}(f_{j}, \theta)}$$

- ❖ Covariance matrix is generated by multiplying signal and its hermitian. Then, singular value decomposition is applied and signal is separated to subspaces and the lowest eigenvalue's subspaces is noise's subspaces.
- ❖ Beamforming is an array signal processing technique for enhancing signals from one or more directions while suppressing noise and interferences from other directions.

# Algorithm

Collects all signals at environment with using an omnidirectional microphone array.

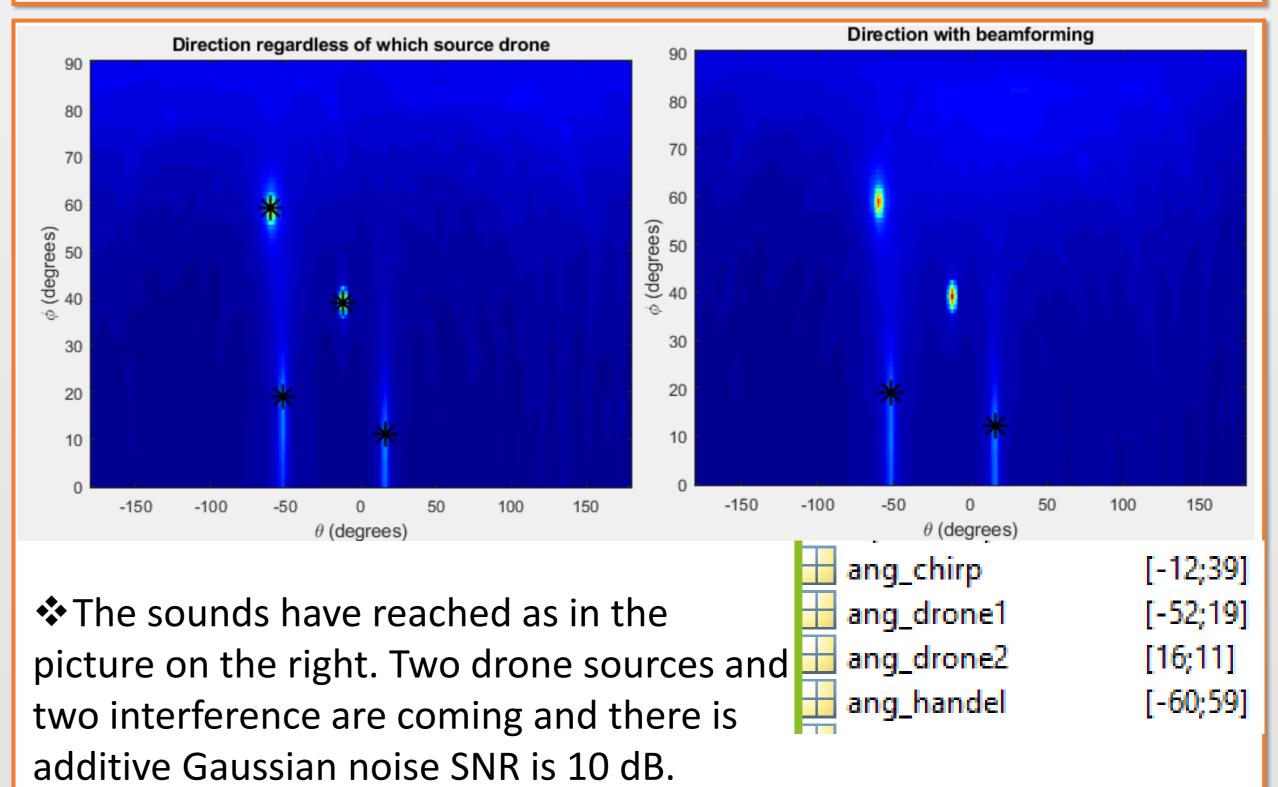
Detecting directions of each source with Incoherent MUltiple Signal Classification(IMUSIC) algorithm.

The frost beamforming is applied to this directions.

Beamforming outputs are sent to cross correlation with the raw drone sound.

The directions that more than threshold value indicates drone direction.

## **Results and Discussion**



- ❖ Direction of the two drones are found exactly the same direction.
- This whole project simulated on MATLAB and there is not implementation in real environment.
- ❖ In the future, computation complexity can be reduced by CSS algorithm instead of IMUSIC and robustness to different drone sound can be increased by indepent component analysis (ICA).

# References

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