



# Improvement of Myoelectric Underactuated Hand Prosthesis

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## Introduction

The project's objective is classification of EMG signals to control a prosthetic hand. By accurately decoding these signals, we aim to enable the prosthetic to replicate complex hand gestures, thereby offering users with limb loss a more natural and intuitive experience.

## Signal Acquisition

To obtain an EMG signal, the raw signal needs to be filtered and amplified. This process include an instrumentation amplifier, a high-pass filter, and a low-pass filter.

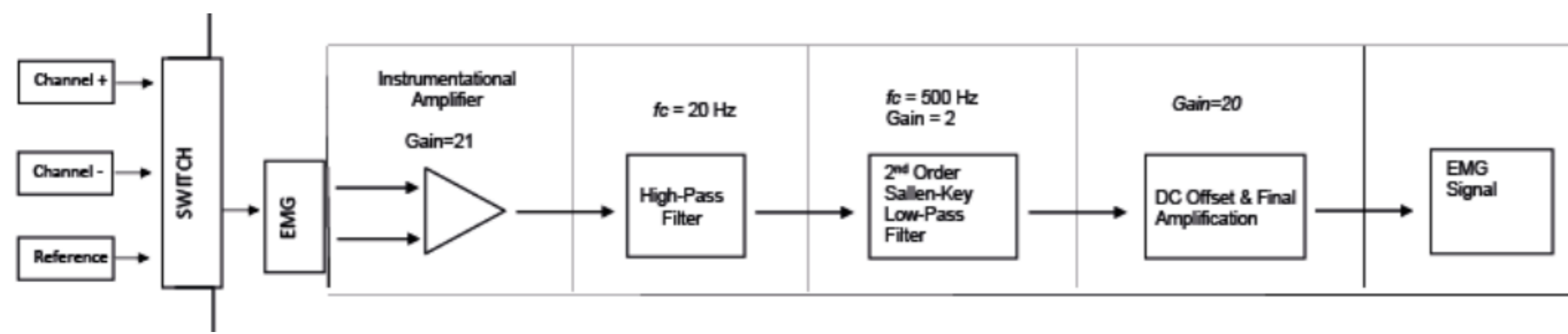


Figure 1 – EMG signal processing block diagram [1].

## Feature Extraction

Mean Absolute Value (MAV) :  $MAV = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N |x_i|$

Zero Crossings (ZC):

$$ZC = \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } (x_i \times x_{i+1} < 0) \wedge (|x_i - x_{i+1}|) > threshold \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Slope Sign Changes (SSC):

$$SSC = \sum_{n=2}^{N-1} f[[(x_n - x_{n-1}) \times (x_n - x_{n+1})]]$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x > threshold \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Waveform Length (WL):  $WL = \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} |x_{i+1} - x_i|$

Root Mean Square (RMS):  $RMS = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2}$  [2]

## Support Vector Machine (SVM) Classification

The diagram shows the steps of a gesture recognition system using an SVM model:

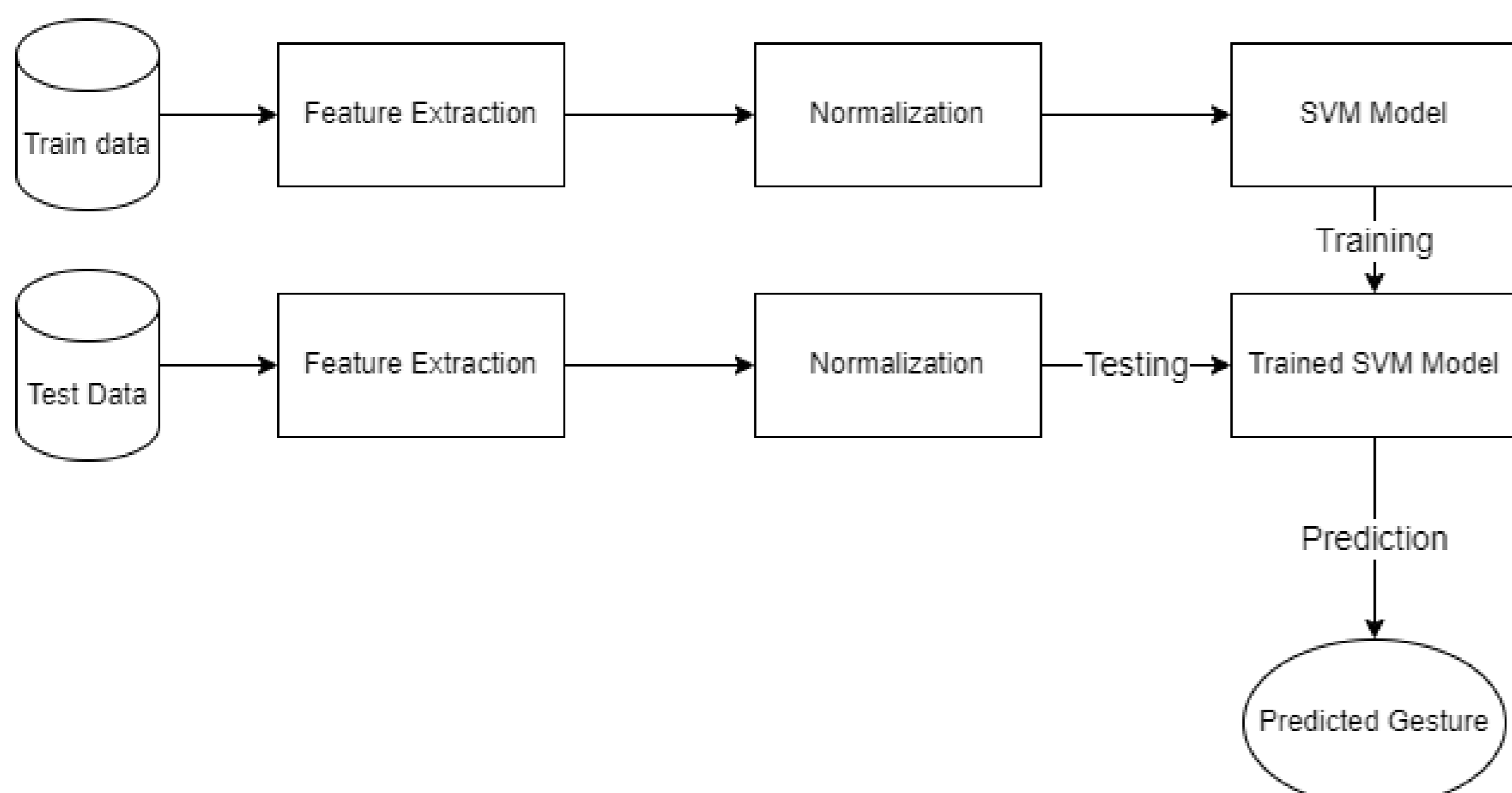


Figure 2 – SVM model block diagram.

## System Design

Based on the classification results from the artificial intelligence model, the STM32 microcontroller activates the servo motors and makes the desired hand movement.

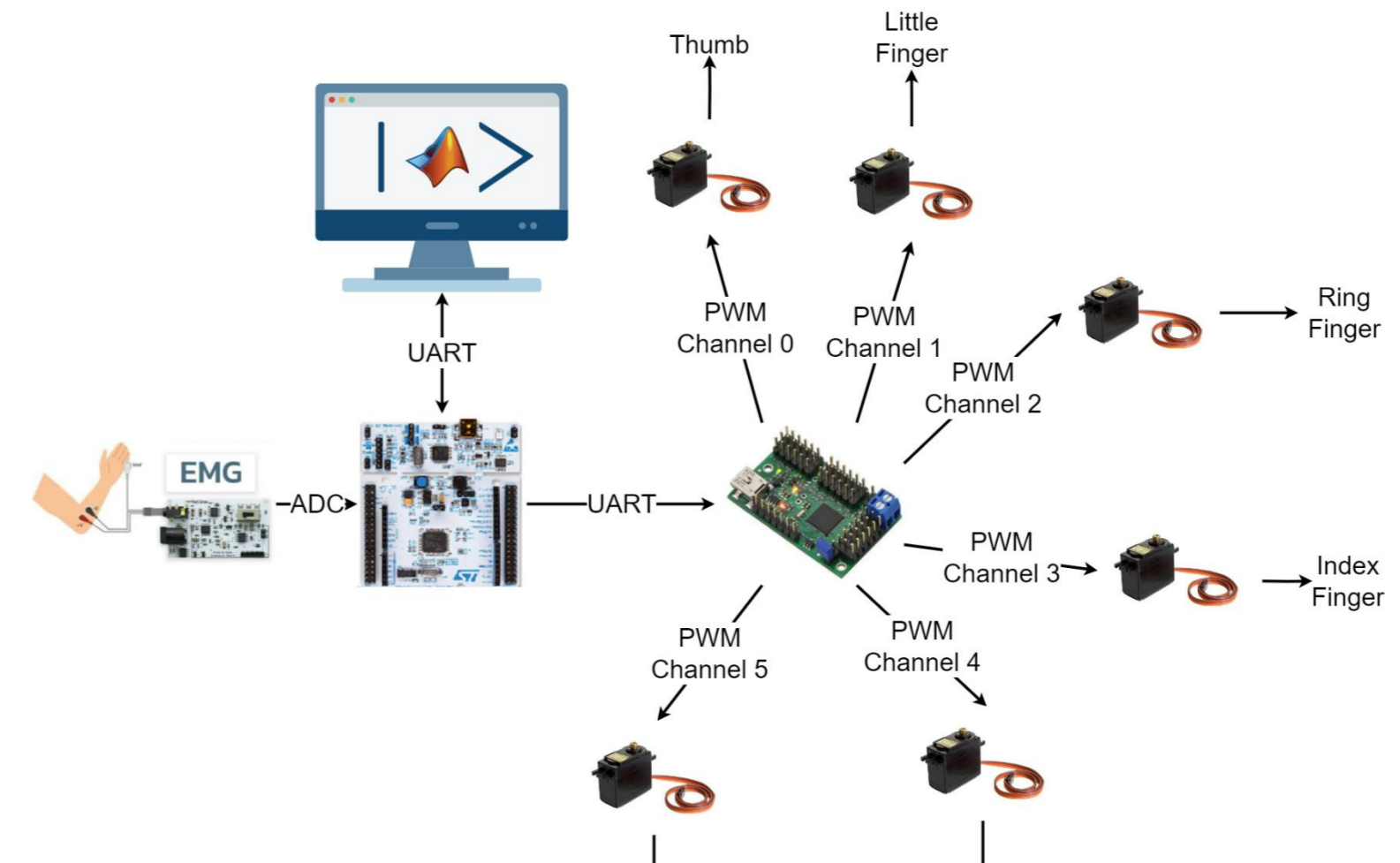


Figure 3 – Overall system.

## Results and Discussion

20% of the overall data was used to examine the model's accuracy. The model was fed after being trained, and the results were plotted onto a confusion matrix. The model's accuracy was calculated to be 92.5%.

True Class \ Predicted Class	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	38		1			1
2		38		2		
3			40			
4		3		36	1	
5			1		38	1
6	1				7	32

Figure 4 –SVM confusion matrix.

The prosthesis hand performs 5 different gestures.

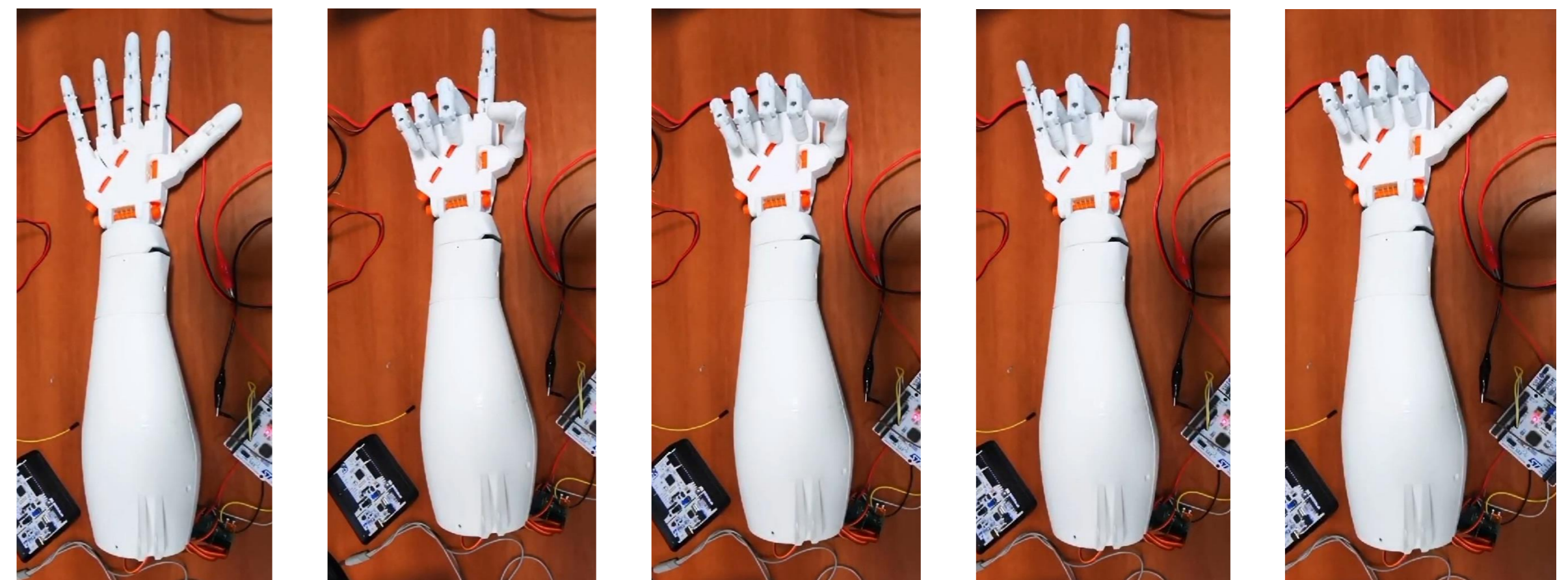


Figure 5 – Performed gestures.

## References

- [1] Mam Sense – MaM High Tech. <https://www.mamhightech.com/portfolio/mam-sense-eog-emg-ecg-sensor/> (Accessed: January 1, 2024).
- [2] Phinyomark, A. et al. (2011) 'Evaluation of EMG feature extraction for movement control of upper limb prostheses based on class separation index,' in IFMBE proceedings, pp. 750–754. [https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-642-21729-6\\_183](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-642-21729-6_183).

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